# Index-based Trading in Cloud Spot Markets

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#### Idle Cloud is Provider's Workshop

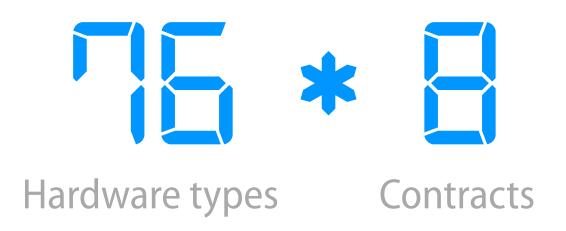




#### typical utilization in large datacenters

[**2013**] The Datacenter as a Computer: An Introduction to the Design of Warehouse-Scale Machines.





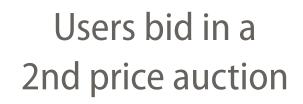
#### laaS is evolving into a marketplace

On-demand, Reserved (1 or 3), Spot, Spot-block, Burstable, Dedicated or Shared









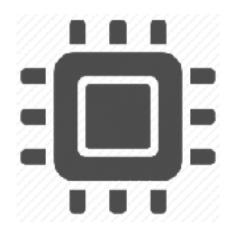


• On average, AWS customers are using more compute capacity on spot instances than across all of EC2 in 2012 •

### Idle Cloud Capacity



EC2 continually evaluates supplydemand to price spot servers

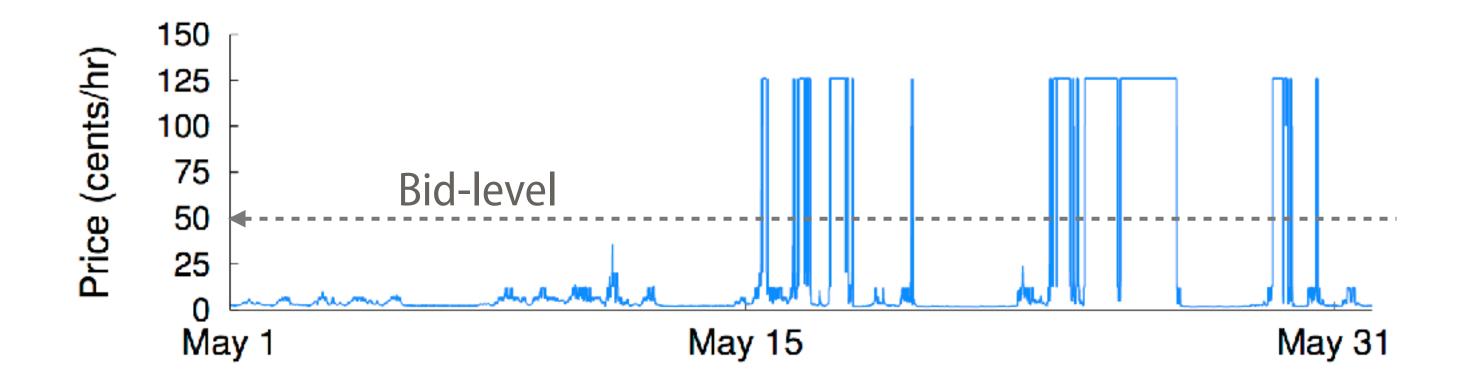


Allocate: bid price  $\geq$  spot price Revoke: bid price < spot price

https://aws.amazon.com/10year/



#### **Spot Price Prediction**



Characterized by **spikes** that are hard to predict

- Accurate Prediction

Reduces disruptive revocations

Helps compare different servers

#### Research

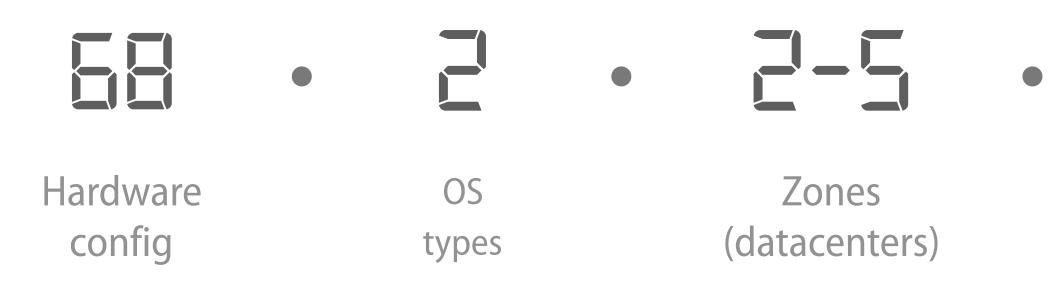
SIGCOMM 2015 HotCloud 2016 HPC 2016 IC2E 2016 **ICDCS 2016** ICPE 2017 SIGMETRICS 2017

#### **Startups**

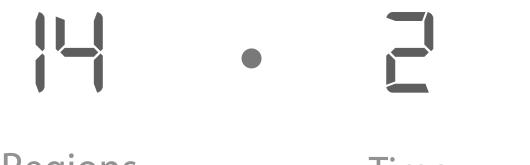
SpotInst Batchly ClusterK



# Accurately Predicting Spot Prices, is Difficult



#### **One size fits all model** is unlikely



Regions (country, state)

Time commitments



worldwide markets

No visibility into market internals

**Limited correlation** with external variables



#### Market-based Index for CLOUD



# Rather than focusing exclusively on predicting individual servers, cloud users should make decisions, in part, based on broader market indices

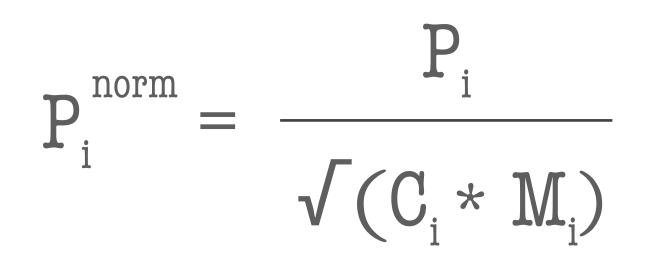
Image credit: www.cnbc.com/mad-money/





#### Characterizing an individual server i

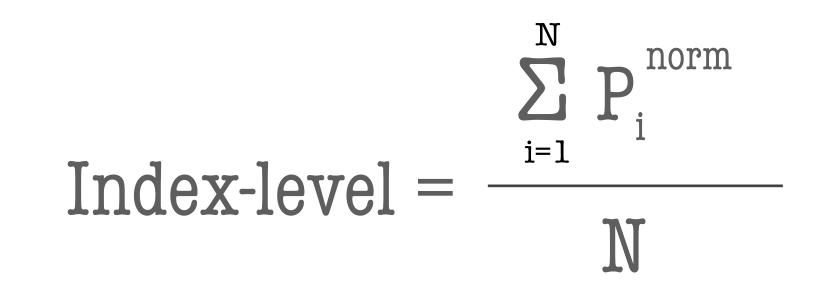
 $Price = P_i$  $Memory = M_i GB$  $Compute = C_i ECUs$ 





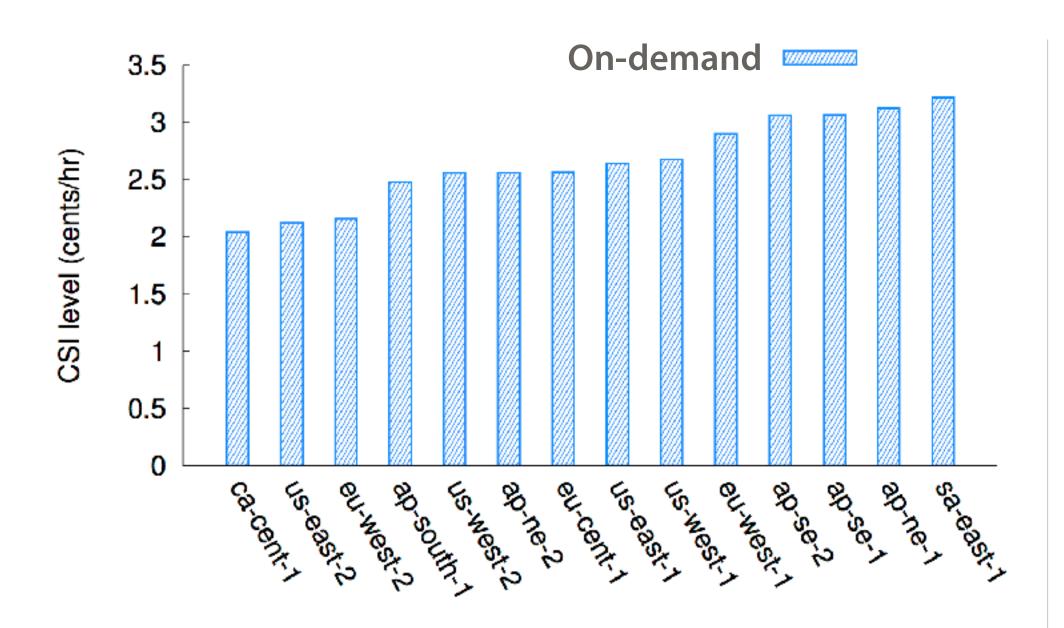
#### **Characterizing a group of servers**

Average of normalized prices

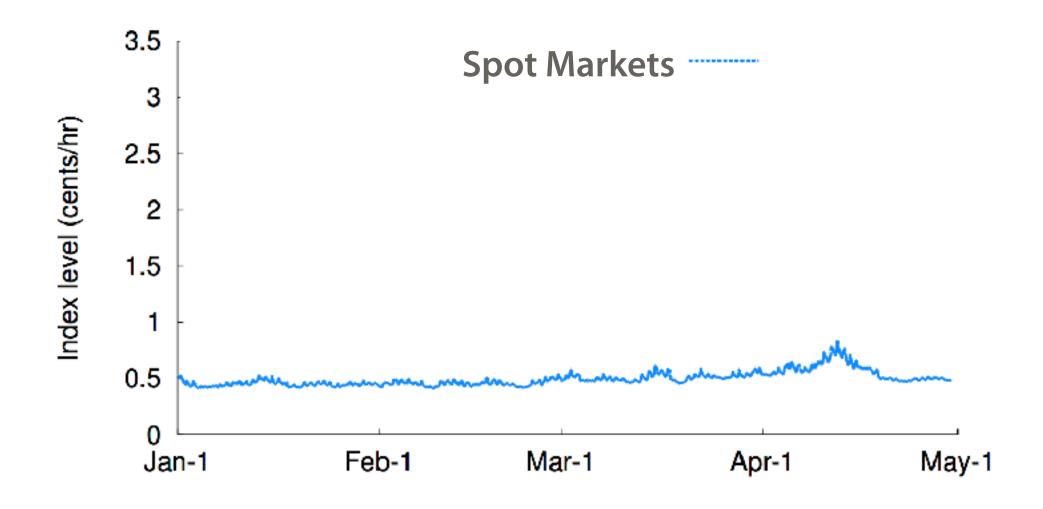




#### **Market Indices at Global Level**



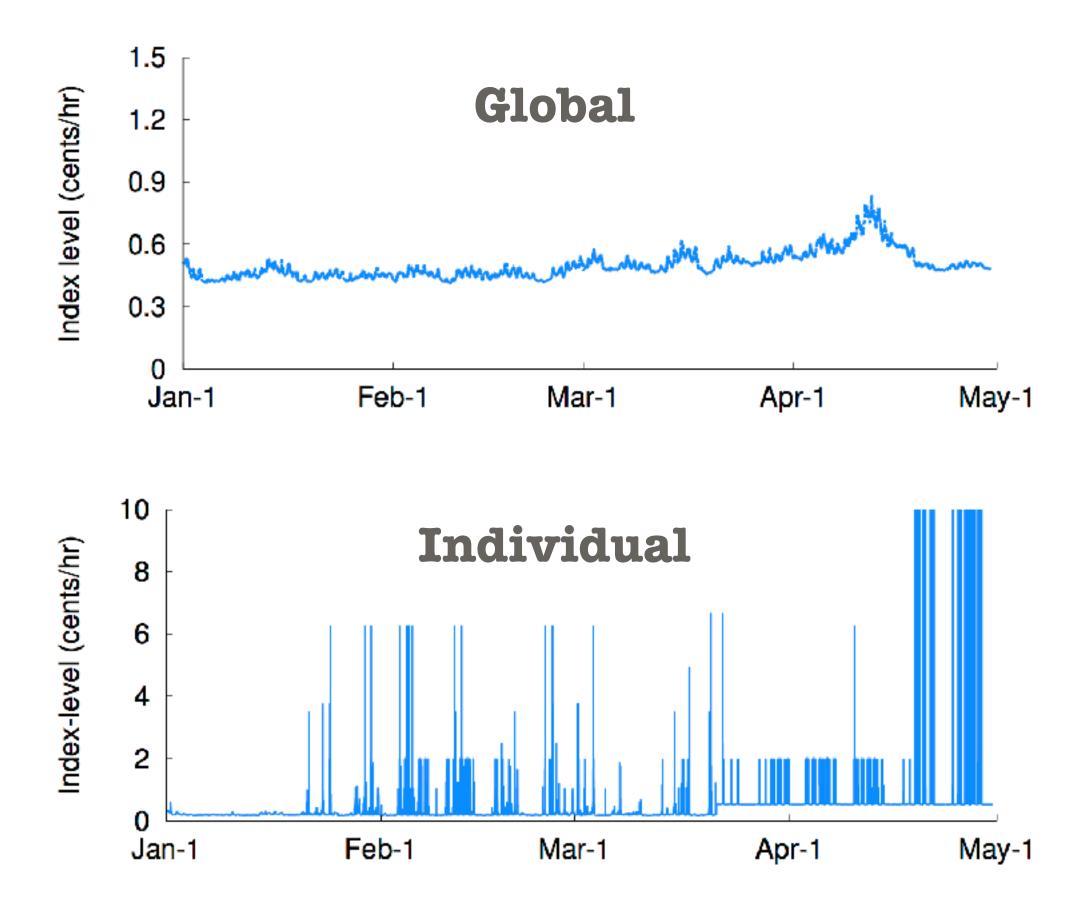
# Compute-time is 50% more expensive in Brazil than Canada



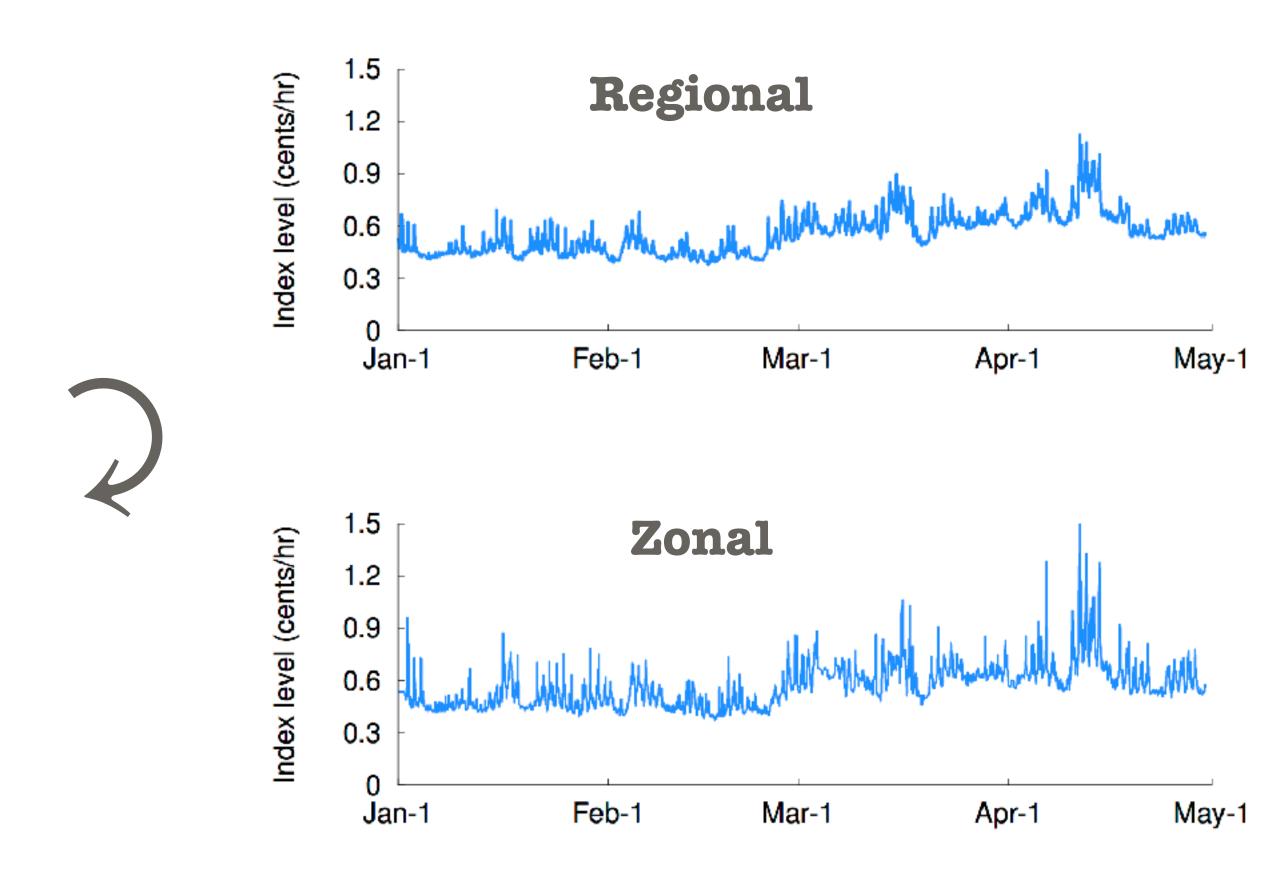
Worldwide spot market is remarkably stable with ~80% discount from on-demand avg



#### Indices at Different Market Granularities

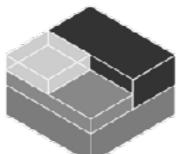


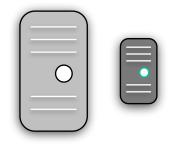
Price prediction is easier and more accurate at higher market-level than individual server level





#### **Flexible Applications**







No geographical constraints

Containerized

Scalable

#### ... but Trading incurs Transaction Cost

Memory state and disk migration, Unused server time, Fault-tolerance overhead

#### can benefit from Server Trading

- Spot Markets prices are *dynamic*
- Many *price inversions* exist
- Provider always "*buys*" back servers



#### **Choosing the Best Server**

#### **E** [ $R_i - R_{free}$ ] Sharpe ratio = $\sigma_i$

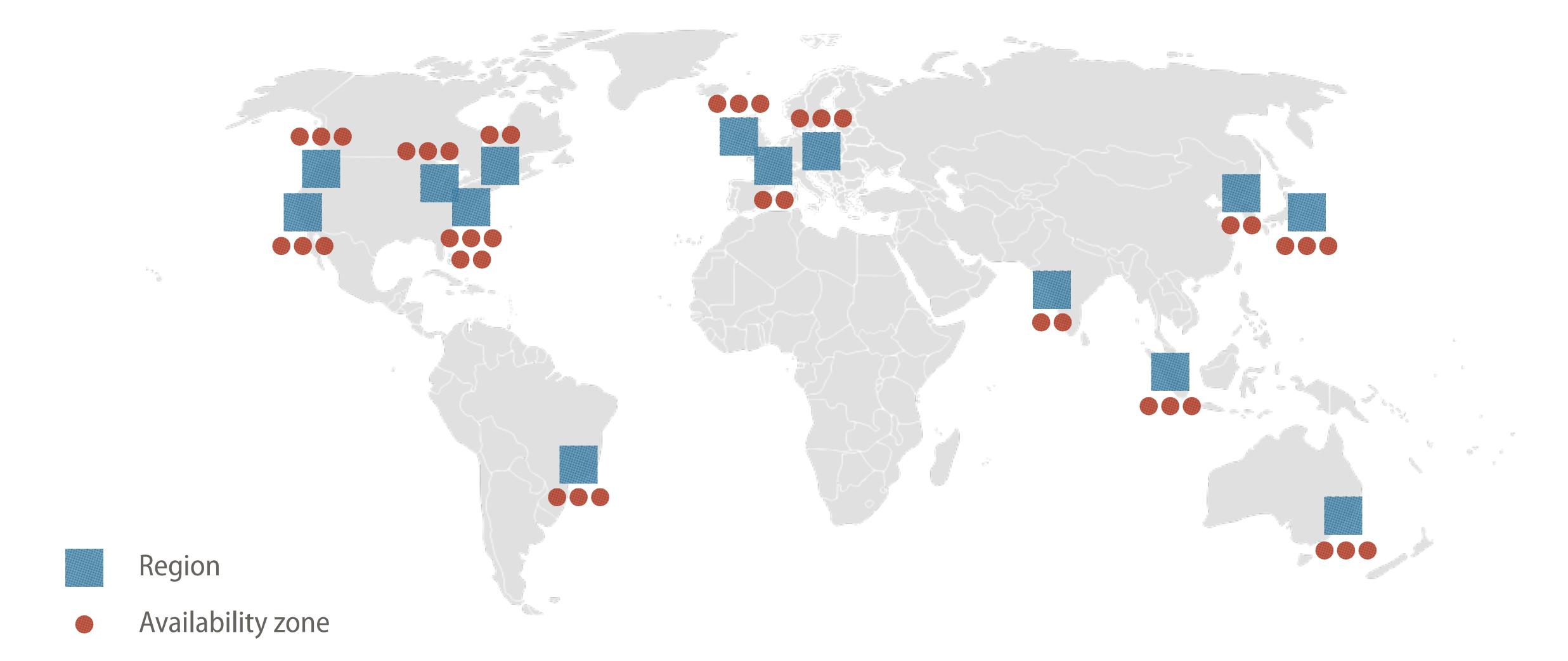
#### Chooses the server that has not only low price but also low volatility



 $R_i = Asset's return$  $R_{free} = Risk free return$  $\sigma_i = Std. deviation of returns$ 



#### **Scope of Server Trading in EC2**





#### **Server Trading Policies**

#### Policy

Market-based No Trading

Market-based Local Trading

Market-based Global Trading

Index-based Global Trading

#### **Server Choice**

Globally best serve

Globally best serve

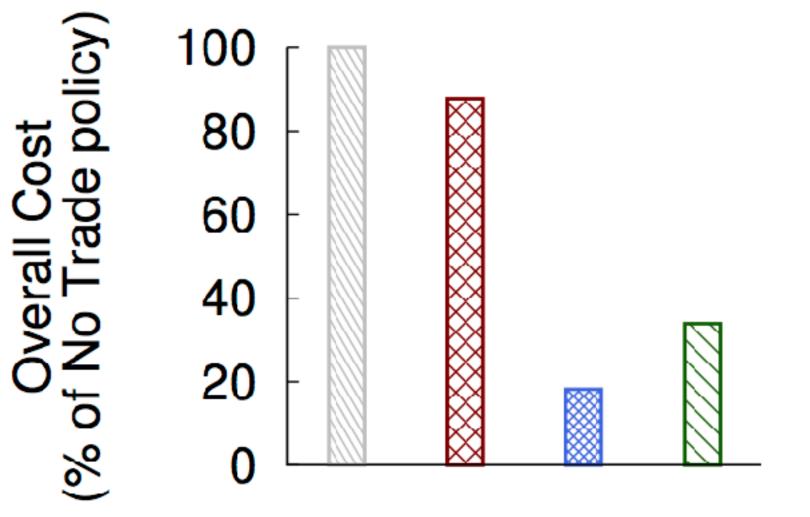
Globally best serve

Globally best zone, then locally best serv

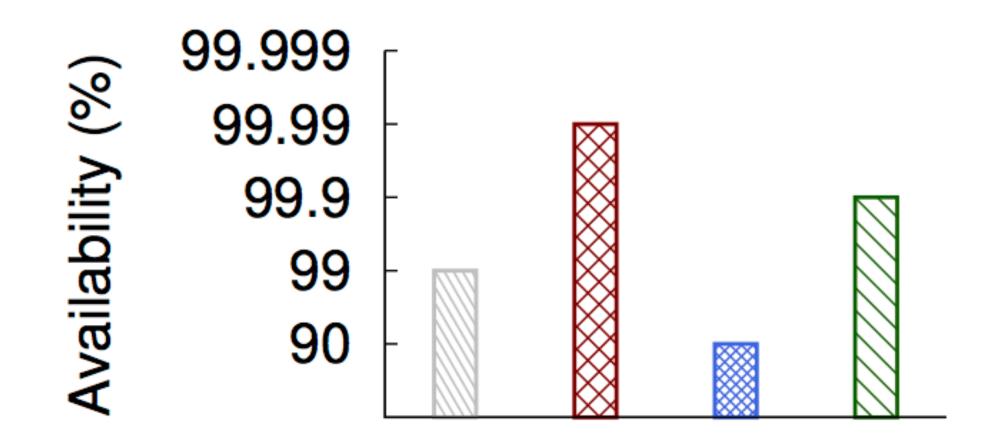
	Trading	Trading Cost
er	No	0
er	Within the zone	Fixed (120s)
er	Anywhere globally	Proportional (1-4m/GB)
e, rver	Within the zone	Fixed (120s)



13/15



#### **Evaluation**







#### To Conclude...

#### Spot price prediction is an active research topic

Prior works have focused on individual servers, we introduce market-based indices

#### Flexible applications can trade servers

We demonstrate trading based on market-based achieve **best cost-performance tradeoff** 

#### **Future work**

Defining **application-specific indices** 

Using indices for **benchmarking** spot-based systems



# Thank you!

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